



STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

JOSH STEIN
GOVERNOR

J.R. "JOEY" HOPKINS
SECRETARY

December 9, 2025

MEMORANDUM TO: Tierre Peterson, P.E.
Project Management Team Lead

ATTENTION: Sara J. Sherman, P.E.
Project Manager

FROM: Thomas G. Santee, P.E.
Eastern Region Manager
Geotechnical Engineering Unit

DocuSigned by:

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STATE PROJECT: 30001.WIUM.002
FEDERAL PROJECT: NA
COUNTY: Wake
DESCRIPTION: Bridge 911473 over Crabtree Creek on South Turkey Creek Trail
SUBJECT: Bridge Inventory Memorandum

Upon notification of the Umstead Bridge project, the Eastern Region Geotechnical office provided the B-3259 Bridge Inventory based on proximity. This inventory was then determined acceptable for use in providing the needed geotechnical recommendations based on the limited scope of foundation construction work needed for the repairs of the Umstead Bridge. Please note, the Eastern Region Geotechnical office also understood the project had limited budget available to develop the needed design/repair plans.

Please contact Jinyoung Park or Tom Santee at (984) 920-8900 if there are any questions concerning this memorandum.

DocuSigned by:

12/09/2025
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Jinyoung Park, Ph.D, P.E.
Eastern Region Design Supervisor
Geotechnical Engineering Unit

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION


STATE PROJECT 8.2405201 I.D. NO. B-3259

F.A. PROJECT NA

COUNTY WAKE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION BRIDGE # 44 ON SR
1649 OVER CRABTREE CREEK

SITE DESCRIPTION _____

	STATE	STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
	N.C.	8.2405201 (B-3259)	1	12
	STATE PROJ. NO.	F.A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIPTION	
			P.E. CONST.	

CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WAS MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL UNIT @ (919) 250-4088. NEITHER THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, NOR THE FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES, OR SOIL TEST DATA IS PART OF THE CONTRACT.

GENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU ON-PLACED TEST DATA CAN BE RELED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOD. THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION. THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

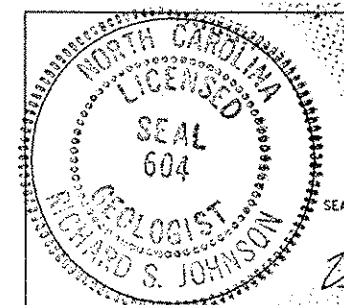
THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED THAT DETAILS SHOWN ON THE SUBSURFACE PLANS ARE PRELIMINARY ONLY AND IN MANY CASES THE FINAL DESIGN DETAILS ARE DIFFERENT. FOR BIDDING AND CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES, REFER TO THE CONSTRUCTION PLANS AND DOCUMENTS FOR FINAL DESIGN INFORMATION ON THIS PROJECT. THE DEPARTMENT DOES NOT WARRANT OR GUARANTEE THE SUFFICIENCY OR ACCURACY OF THE INVESTIGATION MADE, NOR THE INTERPRETATIONS MADE OR OPINION OF THE DEPARTMENT AS TO THE TYPE OF MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED. THE BIDDER OR CONTRACTOR IS CAUTIONED TO MAKE SUCH INDEPENDENT SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATIONS AS HE DEEMS NECESSARY TO SATISFY HIMSELF AS TO CONDITIONS TO BE ENCOUNTERED ON THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE NO CLAIM FOR ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION OR FOR AN EXTENSION OF TIME FOR ANY REASON RESULTING FROM THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS ENCOUNTERED AT THE SITE DIFFERING FROM THOSE INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION.

INVESTIGATED BY EC CAMPBELL PERSONNEL BA PARKS

CHECKED BY RS JOHNSON HR CONLEY

SUBMITTED BY RS JOHNSON RB BRANON

DATE 8/01



Richard S. Johnson
SIGNATURE

NOTE - THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N.C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS BEING ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED TO BE PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

NOTE - BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

DRAWN BY: ECC MBA TTW

PROJECT: 8.2405201 ID: B-3259

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4	PROFILE
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7-11	LITHOLOGIC LOGS
12	SAMPLE RESULTS

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
GEOTECHNICAL UNIT

ID STATE PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. TOTAL SHEETS
B-3259 8.2405201 2 12



SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

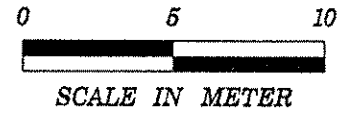
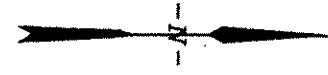
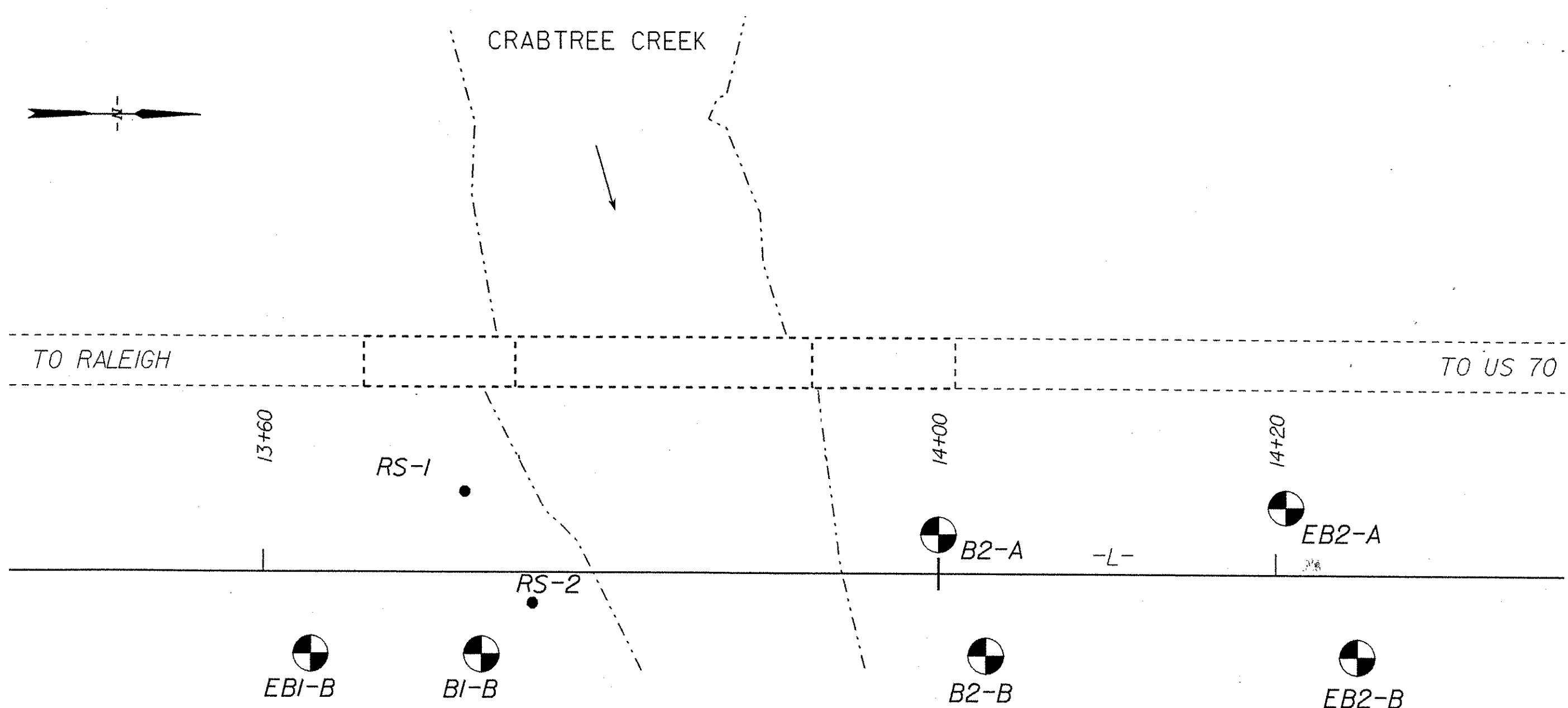
SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS

SOIL DESCRIPTION		GRADATION		ROCK DESCRIPTION		TERMS AND DEFINITIONS																																																																																																	
<p>SOIL IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE UNCONSOLIDATED, SEMI-CONSOLIDATED OR WEATHERED EARTH MATERIALS WHICH CAN BE PENETRATED WITH A CONTINUOUS FLIGHT POWER AUGER, AND WHICH YIELDS LESS THAN 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM ACCORDING TO STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (ASTM D-1586). SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS BASED ON THE AASHTO SYSTEM AND BASIC DESCRIPTIONS GENERALLY SHALL INCLUDE: CONSISTENCY, COLOR, TEXTURE, MOISTURE, AASHTO CLASSIFICATION, AND OTHER PERTINENT FACTORS SUCH AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. EXAMPLES:</p> <p>VERY STIFF, GRAY SILTY CLAY, MOST WITH INTERBEDDED FINE SAND LAYERS, HIGH PLASTIC, A-7-6</p>		<p>WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE UNIFORM - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE (ALSO POORLY GRADED). GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES.</p> <p>THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS ARE DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED.</p>		<p>HARD ROCK IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT WHEN TESTED WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL, AN INFERRED ROCK LINE INDICATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 2.5 CM PER 50 BLOWS. IN NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRANSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN REPRESENTED BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. ROCK MATERIALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:</p>		<p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. 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ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHENEVER THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE.</p>		<p>WEATHERED ROCK (WR)</p> <p>CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR)</p> <p>NON-CRYSTALLINE ROCK (NCR)</p> <p>COASTAL PLAIN SEDIMENTARY ROCK (CP)</p>		<p>ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. 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OPEN JOINTS MAY CONTAIN CLAY. IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, CRYSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS.</p> <p>MODERATE (MOD) - SIGNIFICANT PORTIONS OF ROCK SHOW DISCOLORATION AND WEATHERING EFFECTS. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, MOST FELDSPARS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS DULL SOUND UNDER HAMMER BLOWS AND SHOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED WITH FRESH ROCK.</p> <p>MODERATELY SEVERE (MOD, SEV) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW KAOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. <i>IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL.</i></p> <p>SEVERE (SEV) - ALL ROCKS EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. IN GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED TO SOME EXTENT, SOME FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK USUALLY REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N-VALUES > 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM.</i></p> <p>VERY SEVERE (V, SEV) - ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE BUT THE MASS IS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED TO SOIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK REMAINING. SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE SUCH THAT ONLY MINOR VESTIGES OF THE ORIGINAL ROCK FABRIC REMAIN. <i>IF TESTED, YIELDS SPT N-VALUES < 100 BLOWS PER 30 CM.</i></p> <p>COMPLETE - ROCK REDUCED TO SOIL. ROCK FABRIC NOT DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND SCATTERED CONCENTRATIONS. QUARTZ MAY BE PRESENT AS DICES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS ALSO AN EXAMPLE.</p>		<p>TERMS AND DEFINITIONS</p> <p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOTL) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N) OF A 63.5 kg HAMMER FALLING 0.76 METERS REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 30 CM INTO SOIL WITH A 5 CM OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 2.5 CM PENETRATION WITH 50 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITH A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																																					
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BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</p> <p>HARD - CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONLY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN.</p> <p>MODERATELY HARD - CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK. GOUGES OR GROOVES TO 6 mm DEEP CAN BE EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED BY MODERATE BLOWS.</p> <p>MEDIUM HARD - CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED 1 mm DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN SMALL CHIPS TO PIECES 25 mm MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE POINT OF A GEOLOGIST'S PICK.</p> <p>SOFT - CAN BE GROOVED OR GOUGED READILY BY KNIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL CENTIMETERS IN SIZE BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE.</p> <p>VERY SOFT - CAN BE CARVED WITH KNIFE. CAN BE EXCAVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK. PIECES 25 mm OR MORE IN THICKNESS CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSURE. CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY FINGERNAIL.</p>		<p>TERMS AND DEFINITIONS</p> <p>ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS WHICH HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. CALCAREOUS (CALC.) - SOILS WHICH CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH. FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. FLOOD PLAIN (F.P.) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. FORMATION (FM) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE FIELD. JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. MOTTLED (MOTL) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM. RESIDUAL SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPROLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL WHICH RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, WHICH HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N) OF A 63.5 kg HAMMER FALLING 0.76 METERS REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 30 CM INTO SOIL WITH A 5 CM OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS LESS THAN 2.5 CM PENETRATION WITH 50 BLOWS. STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (S.R.Q.D.) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITH A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 10 CENTIMETERS DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. TOPSOIL (T.S.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER.</p>																																														
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<p>COLOR</p> <p>DESCRIPTIONS MAY INCLUDE COLOR OR COLOR COMBINATIONS (TAN, RED, YEL-BRN, BLUE-GRAY). MODIFIERS SUCH AS LIGHT, DARK, STREAKED, ETC. ARE USED TO DESCRIBE APPEARANCE.</p>		<p>INDURATION</p> <p>FOR SEDIMENTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENING OF THE MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC.</p> <p>FRIABLE - RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS; GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER</p>																																																																																																					

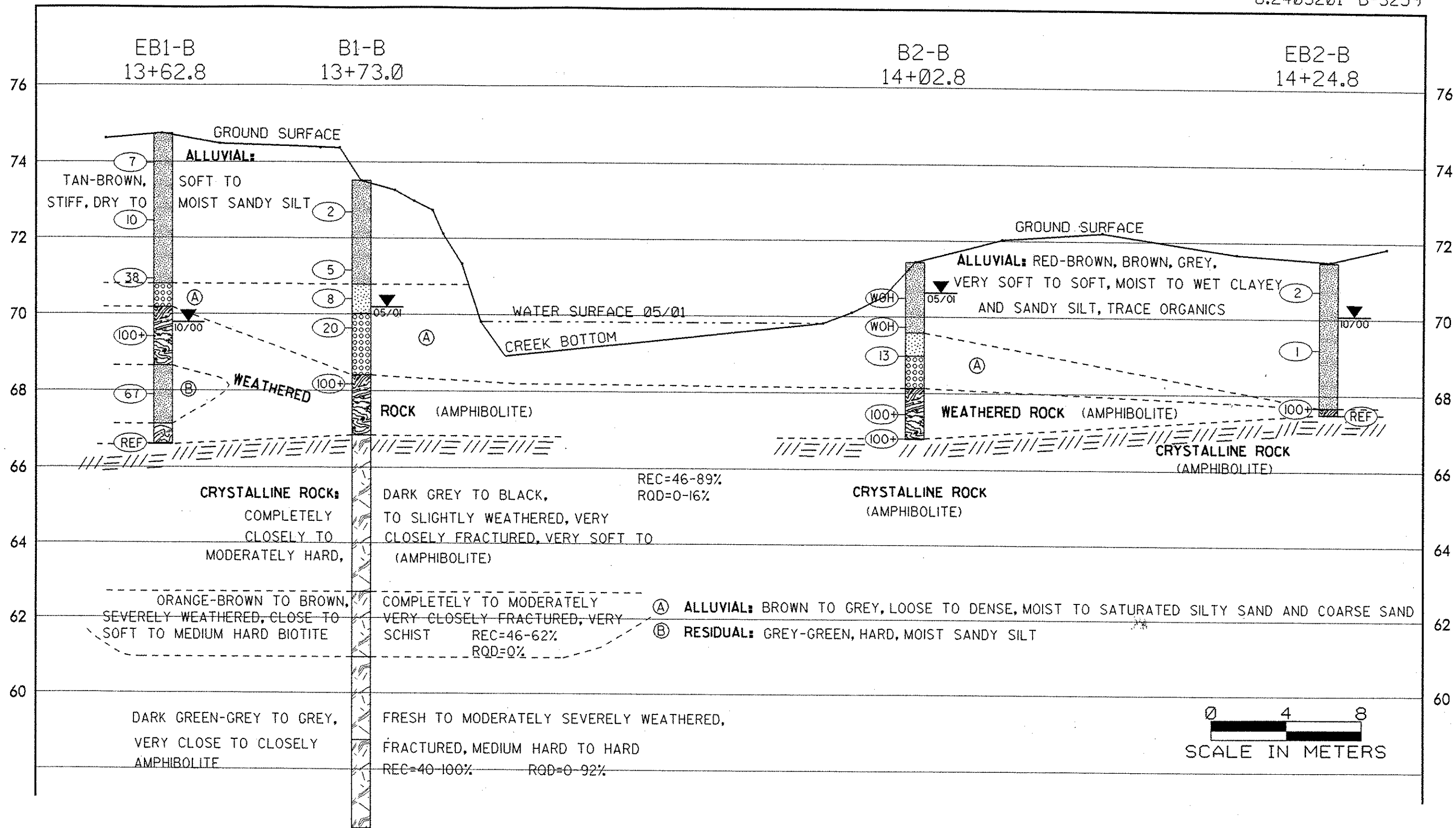
TEST SITE PLAN

SHEET 3 OF 12

8.2405201
B-3259
WAKE CO.

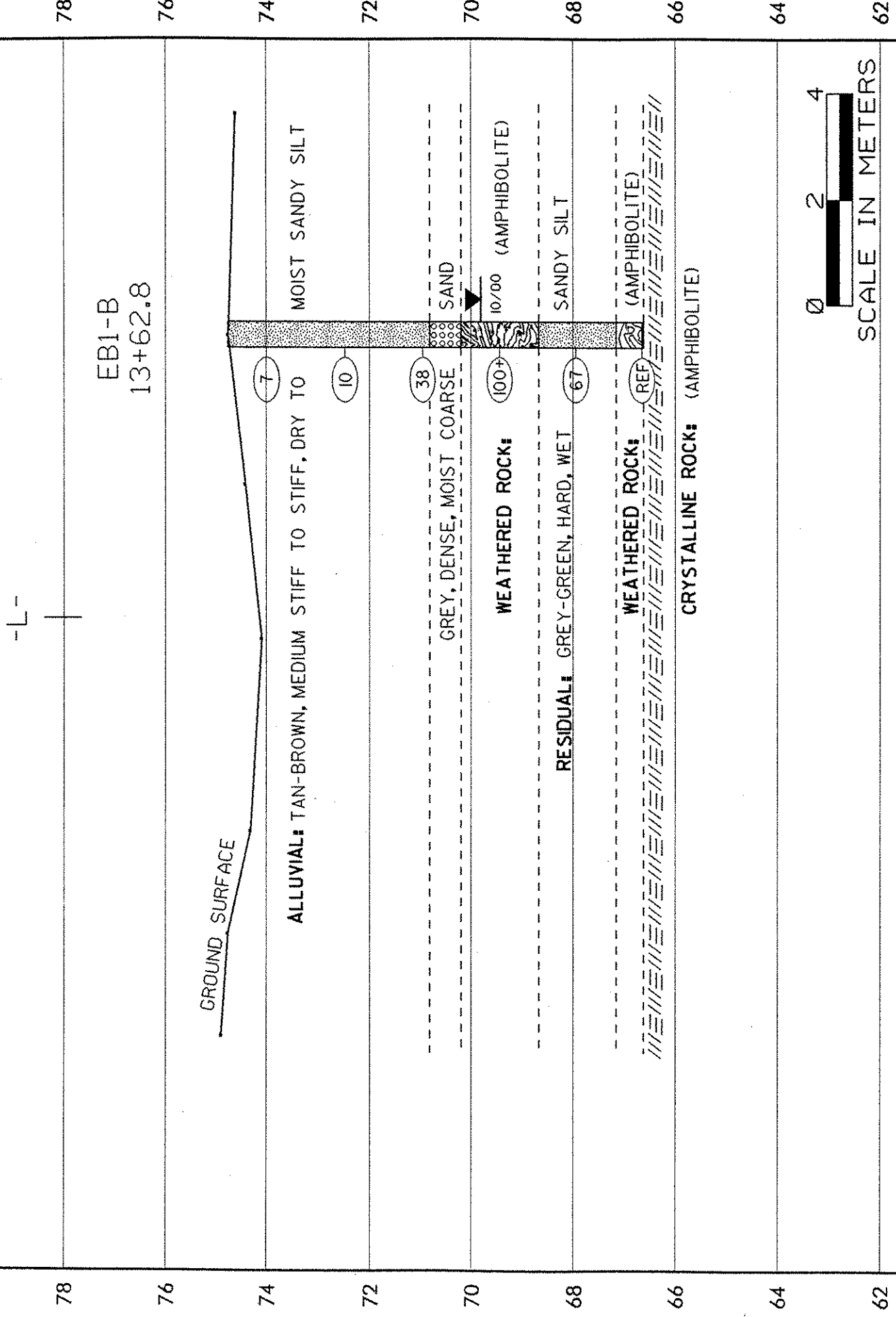


PROFILE 4.8m RT OF -L-

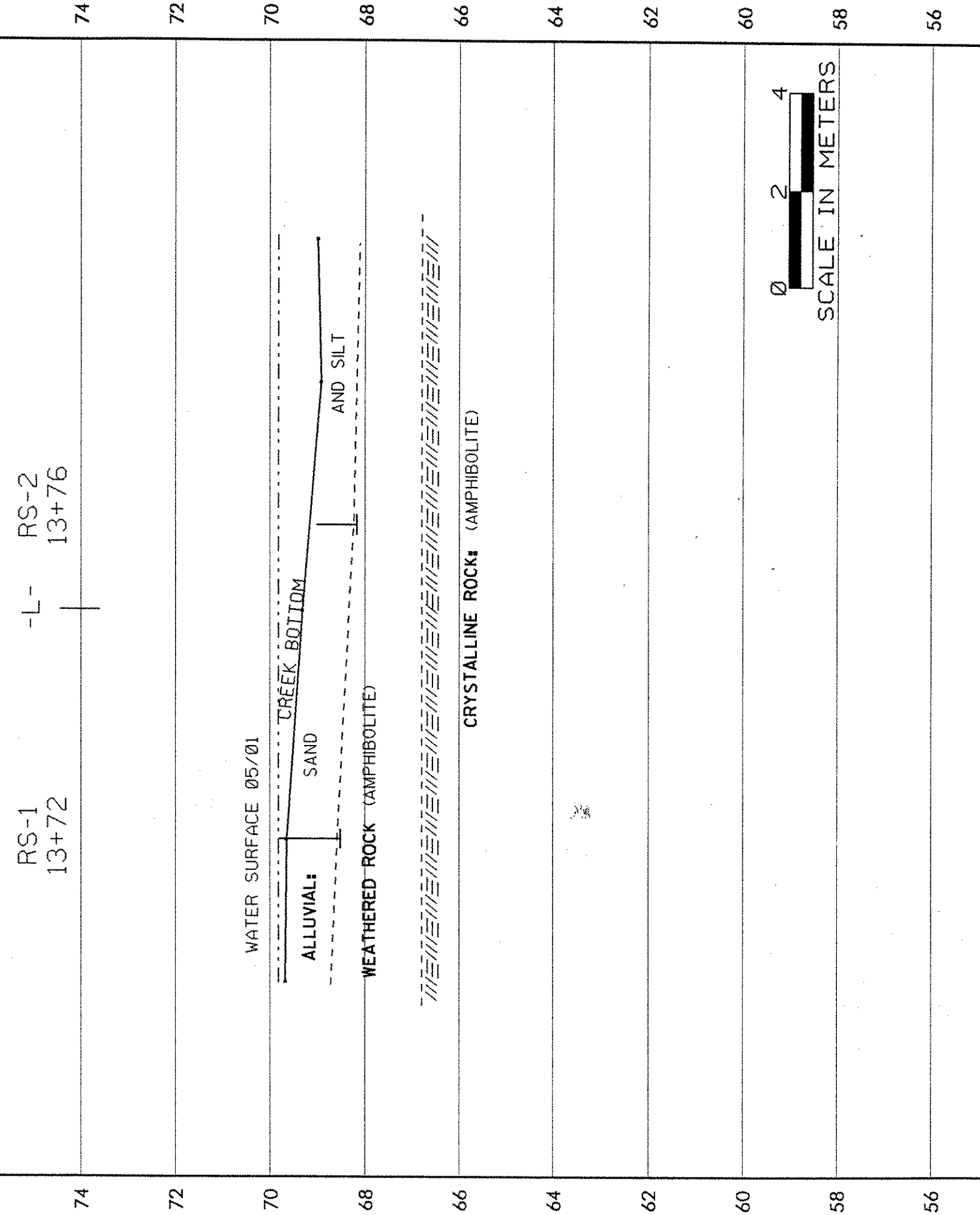


CROSS SECTION THROUGH EBI

8.2405201 (B-3259)

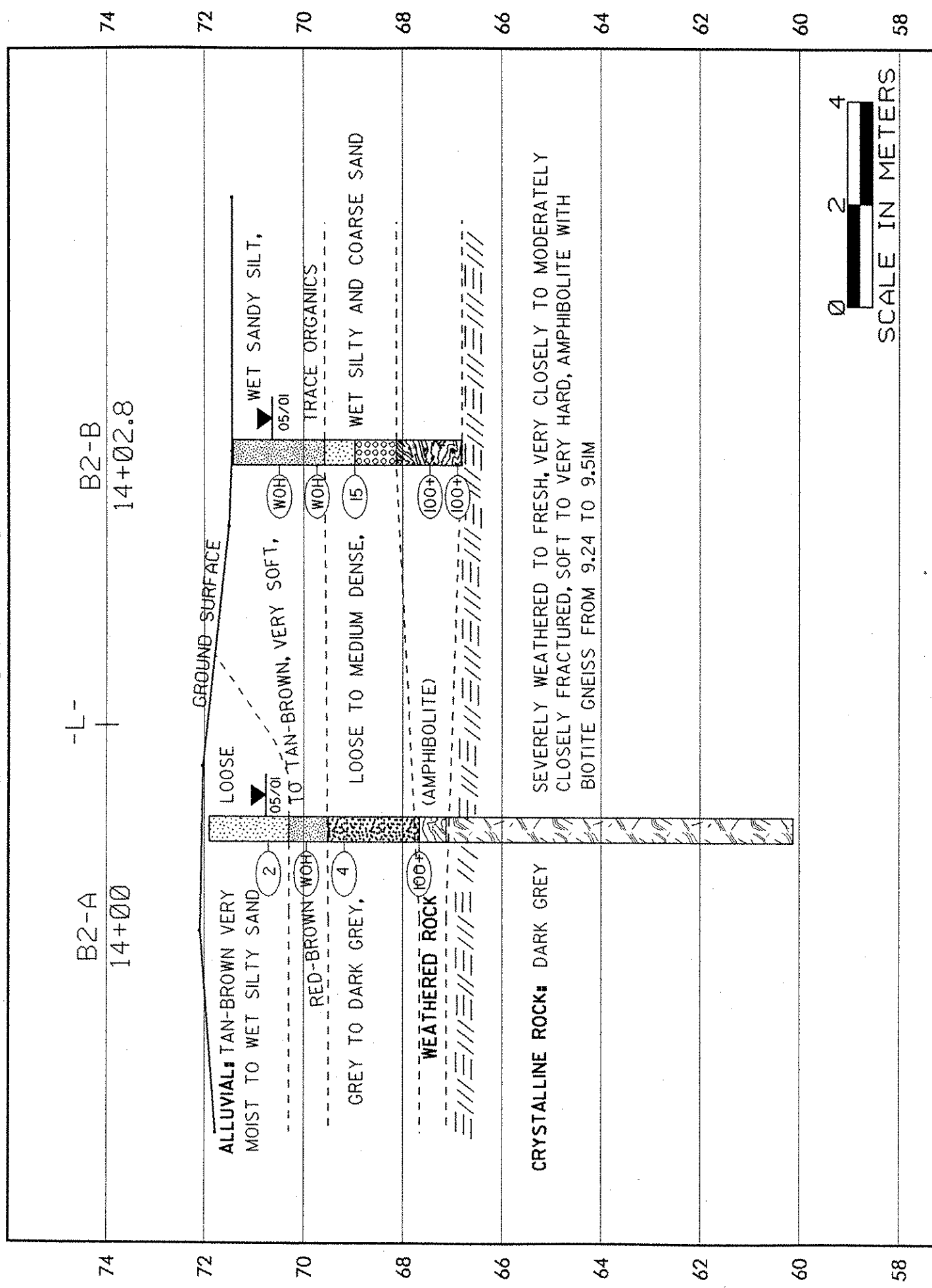


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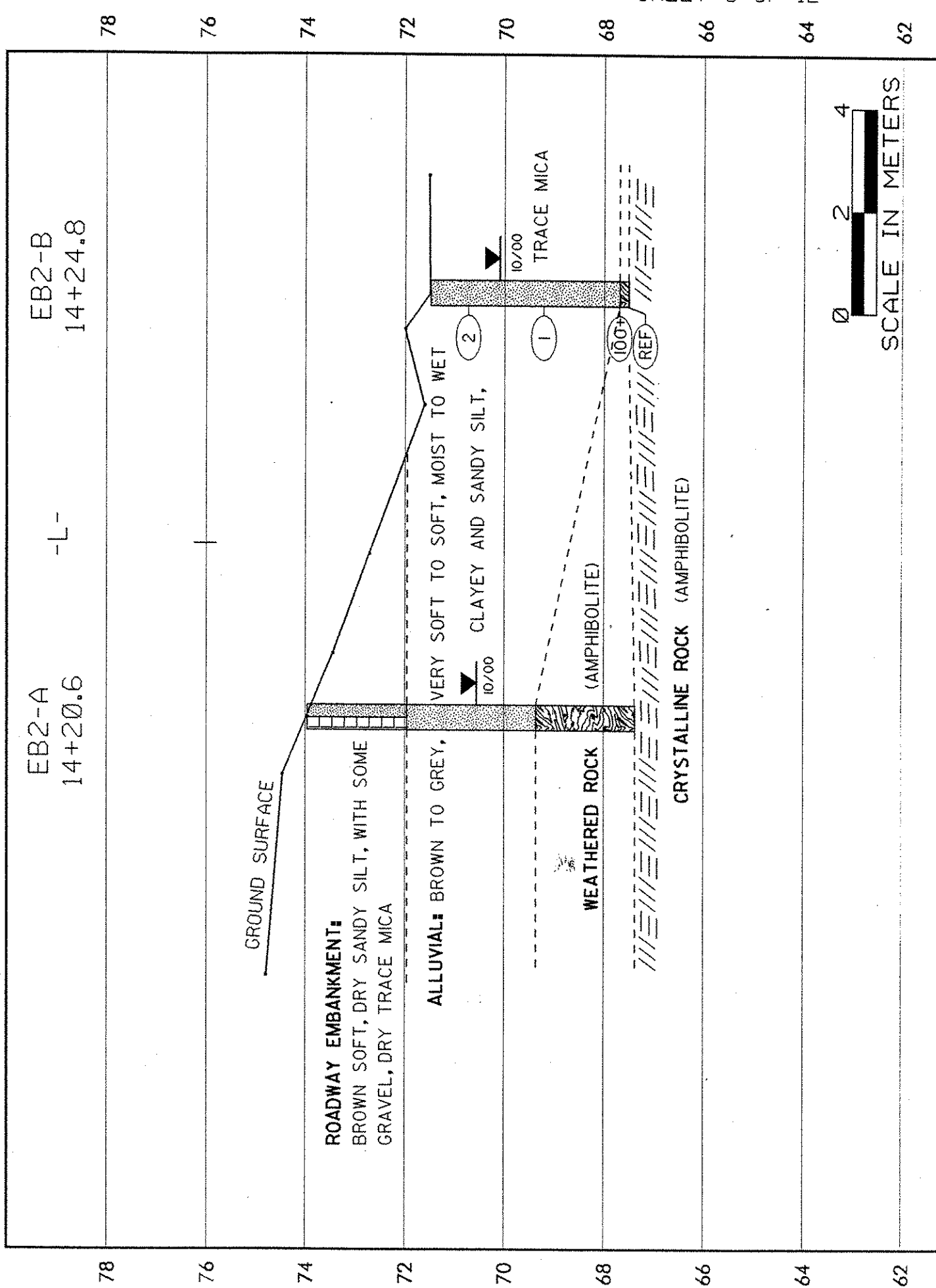


CROSS SECTION THROUGH B2

8.2405201 (B-3259)



CROSS SECTION THROUGH EB2



NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

PROJECT NO. 8.2405201	ID. B-3259	COUNTY WAKE	GEOLOGIST BA PARKS
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE #44 ON SR 1649 OVER CRABTREE CREEK			GROUND WATER
BORING NO. BI-B	BORING LOCATION 13+73.00	OFFSET 4.80 m RT	ALIGNMENT -L-
COLLAR ELEV. 73.52	NORTHING 232,478.48	EASTING 634,505.35	0 HR. 1.10 24 HR. 3.32
TOTAL DEPTH 17.04	DRILL MACHINE CME 550	DRILL METHOD WASH BORING	HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC
START DATE 5/14/01	COMPLETION DATE 5/15/01	SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A	DEPTH TO ROCK 6.67

ELEV.	DEPTH	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (m)	BLOWS PER 30cm				SAMPLE NUMBER	MOI.	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
		15cm	15cm	15cm		0	25	50	75				
73.52	0.83	WOH	1	1	0.3					SS-15	W	ALLUVIAL TAN-BROWN, SANDY SILT	
72.00	2.35		2	2	0.3								
70.00	3.11		3	3	0.3					SS-16	▼	TAN-BROWN SILTY SAND	
	3.87		7	7	0.3					SS-17	SAT	BROWN TO GREY SAND, AND GRAVEL	
68.00	5.39		80	20	0.17							WEATHERED ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)	
66.00												CRYSTALLINE ROCK: DARK GREY TO BLACK COMPLETELY TO SLIGHTLY WEATHERED, VERY CLOSELY TO CLOSELY FRACTURED, VERY SOFT TO MODERATELY HARD AMPHIBOLITE	
64.00												ORANGE-BROWN TO BROWN, COMPLETELY TO MODERATELY SEVERELY WEATHERED, CLOSE TO VERY CLOSELY FRACTURED, VERY SOFT TO MEDIUM HARD BIOTITE SCHIST	
62.00												DARK GREEN-GREY TO GREY, FRESH TO MODERATELY SEVERELY WEATHERED, VERY CLOSE TO CLOSELY FRACTURED, MEDIUM HARD TO HARD, (AMPHIBOLITE)	
56.00	17.04											BORING TERMINATED AT AN ELEVATION OF 56.48 METERS IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)	

CORE BORING REPORT

PROJECT: 8.2405201	ID: B-3259	COUNTY: Wake	BORING NO: B1-B
DESCRIPTION: Bridge # 44 on SR 1649 over Crabtree Creek			
LOCATION OF BORING: 13+73, 4.8mRT, L		COMPLETION DATE: 05/15/01	
COLLAR or GROUND ELEVATION: 73.52 m		CORE SIZE: NXWL	GEOLOGIST: BA Parks
CORE EQUIPMENT: CME-550, N casing		DRILLER: HR Conley	

ELEV (m)	DEPTH (m)	DRILL RATE (min/0.5m)	REC RUN (m)	REC (%)	RQD (%)	SAMPLE NUMBER	FIELD CLASSIFICATION and REMARKS
66.85	6.67	1:50				RS-4	Dark grey to black, completely to slightly weathered, close to very closely fractured, very soft to moderately hard, Amphibolite, 40 degree joint at 7.22m, 45 degree joints at 7.26m and 7.36m.
		0:57		0.86	0.20		
		0:20	1.25	(69%)	(16%)	7.00-7.13m	
65.60	7.92						
65.60	7.92	0:57		1.35	0.22		Dark grey to black, severely to slightly weathered, close to very closely fractured, very soft to moderately hard, Amphibolite, 40 degree joints at 8.16m, and 8.65m.
		0:54					
		0:43	1.52	(89%)	(14%)		
64.08	9.44						
64.08	9.44	0:36		0.70	0.00		Dark grey to black, severely weathered, close to very closely fractured, medium hard to soft, Amphibolite. Contact at 10.82m with Orange-Brown, completely weathered, very closely fractured, very soft, Biotite Schist.
		0:45					
		0:25	1.52	(46%)	(0%)		
62.56	10.96						
62.56	10.96	1:20		0.94	0.00		Orange-brown to brown, completely to moderately severely weathered, close to very closely fractured, very soft to medium hard, Biotite Schist.
		1:10					
		1:15	1.52	(62%)	(0%)		
61.04	12.48						
61.04	12.48	1:20		0.61	0.00		Orange-brown to brown, completely to moderately severely weathered, very closely fractured, very soft to soft, Biotite Schist. At 12.56 m dark green-grey, moderately severely weathered, very closely fractured, medium hard to hard, Amphibolite.
		1:10					
		1:15	1.52	(40%)	(0%)		
59.52	14.00						
59.52	14.00	1:20		1.52	0.73	RS-3	Dark green-grey, moderately weathered to fresh, very close to closely fractured, moderately hard to hard, Amphibolite. At 14.80m grey, fresh to very slightly weathered, moderately to closely fractured, moderately hard to hard, Amphibolite.
		1:09					
		1:08	1.52	(100%)	(48%)	15.20-15.42m	
58.00	15.52						
58.00	15.52	1:25		1.50	1.40	RS-5	Grey, fresh to very slightly weathered, moderately to closely fractured, hard to very hard, Amphibolite.
		1:30					
		1:35	1.52	(99%)	(92%)	16.65-16.78m	
56.48	17.04						
TOTALS:		10.37	7.48 (72%)	2.55 (25%)			BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT ELEVATION OF 56.48 METERS, IN ROCK.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
 GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

PROJECT NO. 8.2405201 ID. B-3259 COUNTY WAKE GEOLOGIST BA PARKS
 SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE ## 44 ON SR 1649 OVER CRABTREE CREEK
 BORING NO. B2-A BORING LOCATION 14+00.00 OFFSET 2.30 m LT ALIGNMENT -L-
 COLLAR ELEV. 71.92 NORTHING 232,505.66 EASTING 634,498.97
 TOTAL DEPTH 11.78 DRILL MACHINE CME 550 DRILL METHOD WASH BORING HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC
 START DATE 5/9/01 COMPLETION DATE 5/9/01 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A DEPTH TO ROCK 4.78

ELEV.	DEPTH	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (m)	BLOWS PER 30cm					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION
		15cm	15cm	15cm		0	25	50	75	100			
71.92												M	ALLUVIAL TAN-BROWN, SILTY SAND
	1.2	WOH	1	1	0.3							W	TAN-BROWN, SANDY SILT
70.00	1.96	WOH	WOH	WOH	0.3							SAT	GREY TO DARK GREY SILTY SAND
	2.72	WOH	1	3	0.3								
68.00	4.24	100			0.12								WEATHERED ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)
													CRYSTALLINE ROCK DARK GREY, SEVERELY WEATHERED TO FRESH, VERY CLOSELY TO MODERATELY CLOSELY FRACTURED, SOFT TO VERY HARD, AMPHIBOLITE, WITH BIOTITE GNEISS FROM 9.24 TO 9.51M
60.00	11.78												BORING TERMINATED AT AN ELEVATION OF 60.14 METERS IN CRYSTALLINE ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)

CORE BORING REPORT

PROJECT: 8.2405201 ID: B-3259 COUNTY: Wake BORING NO: B2-A
 DESCRIPTION: Bridge # 44 on SR 1649 over Crabtree Creek
 LOCATION OF BORING: 14+00, 2.3mLT, L COMPLETION DATE: 05/09/01
 COLLAR or GROUND ELEVATION: 71.92 m CORE SIZE: NXWL GEOLOGIST: BA Parks
 CORE EQUIPMENT: CME 550, N casing DRILLER: HR Conley

ELEV (m)	DEPTH (m)	DRILL RATE (min/0.5m)	RUN (m)	REC (%)	RQD (%)	SAMPLE NUMBER	FIELD CLASSIFICATION and REMARKS
67.14	4.78	1:05 1:09	0.92	0.87 (95%)	0.64 (70%)		Dark grey, very slightly to slightly weathered, moderately close to closely fractured, medium hard to very hard, Amphibolite, 45 degree joints at 4.88 m and 4.94 m. 40 degree joint at 5.43 m.
66.22	5.70	1:05 0:59 1:07	1.52	1.39 (91%)	0.91 (60%)		Dark grey, severely to very slightly weathered, moderate closely to closely fractured, medium hard to hard, Amphibolite. 45 degree joint at 6.16m, 80 degree joint at 6.90m.
64.70	7.22	1:11 1:08 1:06	1.52	1.49 (98%)	0.95 (63%)	RS-1 7.22-7.45m	Dark grey, severely to very slightly weathered, moderately close to closely fractured, soft to very hard, Amphibolite. 15 degree joint at 8.55m.
63.18	8.74	0:59 1:09 1:23	1.52	1.48 (97%)	0.71 (47%)	RS-2 9.90-10.15m	Dark grey, severely weathered, very close to closely fractured, soft, Amphibolite. At 9.24m grey, slightly weathered to fresh, closely fractured, hard, Biotite Gneiss. 50 degree joint at 9.30m. At 9.51m dark grey, very slightly weathered, moderately closely fractured, hard to very hard, Amphibolite. 20 degree joint at 9.60m, 55 degree joint at 10.16m.
61.66	10.26	1:12 1:13 1:14	1.52	1.44 (95%)	1.15 (76%)		Dark grey, very slightly weathered, moderately close to closely fractured, hard, Amphibolite. 45 degree joint at 10.60m, 80 degree joint at 11.10m, and 35 degree joint at 10.16m.
60.14	11.78						
TOTALS:		7.00	6.67 (95%)	4.36 (62%)			BOREHOLE TERMINATED AT ELEVATION OF 60.04 METERS, IN ROCK.

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION GEOTECHNICAL UNIT BORING LOG

PROJECT NO. 8.2405201		ID. B-3259		COUNTY WAKE		GEOLOGIST BA PARKS								
SITE DESCRIPTION BRIDGE # 44 ON SR 1649 OVER CRABTREE CREEK							GROUND WATER							
BORING NO. B2-B		BORING LOCATION 14+02.80		OFFSET 4.80 m RT		ALIGNMENT -L-								
COLLAR ELEV. 71.44		NORTHING 232,508.27		EASTING 634,506.14		0 HR. 0.80 24 HR. 0.80								
TOTAL DEPTH 4.63		DRILL MACHINE CME 550		DRILL METHOD WASH BORING		HAMMER TYPE AUTOMATIC								
START DATE 5/10/01		COMPLETION DATE 5/10/01		SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A		DEPTH TO ROCK 4.63								
ELEV.	DEPTH	BLOW COUNT			PEN. (m)	BLOWS PER 30cm					SAMPLE NUMBER	LOG	SOIL AND ROCK DESCRIPTION	
		15cm	15cm	15cm		0	25	50	75	100				
71.44														
	0.94	WOH	WOH	WOH	0.3	X	WOH					SS-12	▼	ALLUVIAL: RED-BROWN TO GREY SANDY SILT, TRACE ORGANICS
70.00	1.70	WOH	WOH	WOH	0.3	X	WOH					SS-13	W	
	2.46	7	8	5	0.3		X	13					SAT	GREY, SILTY SAND AND COARSE SAND, TRACE ORGANICS
68.00	3.98	26	74		0.28					100+ X		SS-14		WEATHERED ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)
	4.54	100			0.09					100+ X				CRYSTALLINE ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)
	4.63													
66.00														
64.00														
62.00														
60.00														
58.00														
56.00														
54.00														
52.00														

BORING TERMINATED AT
AN ELEVATION OF 66.81
METERS ON CRYSTALLINE
ROCK (AMPHIBOLITE)

EB1-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-5	4.8mRT	13+62.8	0.76-1.21	A-4(0)	19	2	12.9	42.7	28.2	16.1	91	86	46	-	-
SS-6	4.8mRT	13+62.8	2.28-2.73	A-4(0)	20	NP	9.7	51.0	29.2	10.1	100	98	47	-	-
SS-7	4.8mRT	13+62.8	3.94-4.25	A-1-a(0)	20	NP	59.1	23.8	11.1	6.0	48	28	9	-	-
SS-8	4.8mRT	13+62.8	6.84-7.29	A-4(0)	26	NP	12.1	55.2	28.6	4.0	93	86	40	-	-

B1-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-15	4.8mRT	13+73	0.83-1.28	A-4(0)	17	NP	21.2	50.1	16.5	12.2	100	93	37	-	-
SS-16	4.8mRT	13+73	3.11-3.56	A-2-4(0)	22	NP	22.4	61.3	8.1	8.1	96	87	21	-	-
SS-17	4.8mRT	13+73	3.87-4.32	A-1-a(0)	22	NP	50.3	27.7	11.8	10.2	44	28	12	-	-

B2-A

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-9	2.3mLT	14+00	1.20-1.65	A-2-4(0)	20	NP	25.2	48.3	14.4	12.1	100	95	37	-	-
SS-10	2.3mLT	14+00	1.96-2.41	A-4(0)	20	NP	3.4	58.6	21.9	16.1	97	96	49	-	-
SS-11	2.3mLT	14+00	2.72-3.17	A-2-4(0)	28	NP	27.4	55.0	10.6	7.0	100	93	32	-	-

B2-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-12	4.8mRT	14+02.8	0.94-1.39	A-4(0)	31	NP	4.6	53.6	25.7	16.1	100	100	53	-	-
SS-13	4.8mRT	14+02.8	1.85-2.15	A-2-4(0)	24	NP	10.9	58.6	18.2	12.1	92	89	35	-	-
SS-14	4.8mRT	14+02.8	2.46-2.91	A-1-b(0)	22	NP	61.8	27.8	6.3	4.0	51	28	7	-	-

EB2-A

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
S-3	4.0mLT	14+20.6	0.00-2.00	A-4(0)	23	4	9.5	35.5	34.9	20.2	73	70	46	-	-
S-4	4.0mLT	14+20.6	2.00-4.60	A-4(0)	20	3	7.5	52.8	25.6	14.1	100	98	47	-	-
S-4A	4.0mLT	14+20.6	2.00-4.60	A-4(0)	21	3	15.9	49.8	22.2	12.1	99	93	39	-	-

EB2-B

SOIL TEST RESULTS															
SAMPLE NO.	OFFSET	STATION	DEPTH INTERVAL	AASHTO CLASS.	LL.	P.I.	% BY WEIGHT				% PASSING (SIEVES)			%	%
							C.SAND	F.SAND	SILT	CLAY	10	40	200		
SS-1	4.8mRT	14+24.8	0.76-1.21	A-4(7)	31	10	1.0	22.2	50.6	26.2	100	100	83	32.2	-
SS-2	4.8mRT	14+24.8	2.28-2.73	A-4(3)	27	8	2.6	36.7	38.5	22.2	100	100	67	24.5	-

GEOTECHNICAL UNIT FIELD SCOUR REPORT

PROJECT: 8.2405201 ID: B-3259 COUNTY: Wake
 DESCRIPTION(1): Bridge # 44 on SR 1649 (Ebnezer Church) over Crabtree
Creek

INFORMATION ON EXISTING BRIDGE

Information obtained from: field inspection
 microfilm (Reel: _____ Pos: _____)
 other: _____

BR. NO.: 44 BR. LENGTH: 35.5 m NO. BENTS: 4 NO. BENTS IN: CHANNEL: 2 FLOODPLAIN: _____

FOUNDATION TYPE: Concrete footings

EVIDENCE OF SCOUR(2):

ABUTMENTS OR END BENT SLOPES: Minor scour at base of end bents slopes.

INTERIOR BENTS: Small scour pockets (<0.3m) exist around each bent.

CHANNEL BED: Scour at base of slopes on south side.

CHANNEL BANKS: Slight erosion noted on banks north of the bridge.

EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION:

TYPE(3): Some rip-rap at EB-1 as protection.

EXTENT(4): On slope under the bridge.

EFFECTIVENESS(5): Poor.

OBSTRUCTIONS(6) (DAMS, DEBRIS, ETC.): Down trees in river upstream of bridge and out side of right-of-way

DESIGN INFORMATION

CHANNEL BED MATERIAL(7) (SAMPLE RESULTS ATTACHED): _____

SS-13 and SS-14.

CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL(8) (SAMPLE RESULTS ATTACHED): _____

SS-12, SS-15, and SS-16

FOUNDATION BEARING MATERIAL(9): Weathered Rock

CHANNEL BANK COVER(10): Trees, grasses, and bushes exist along the bank.

FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH(11): ~400 meters.

FLOOD PLAIN COVER(12): consist of trees, and vegetation.

DESIGN INFORMATION CONT.

STREAM IS: X DEGRADING AGGRADING (13)

OTHER OBSERVATIONS AND COMMENTS: _____

CHANNEL MIGRATION TENDENCY (14): None

GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATIONS(15):

	Left	Right
Interior Bent 1	68	67
Interior Bent 2	68	68

B. A. Parks BY: R. J. Johnson

REPORTED BY: BA Parks DATE: 06/12/01

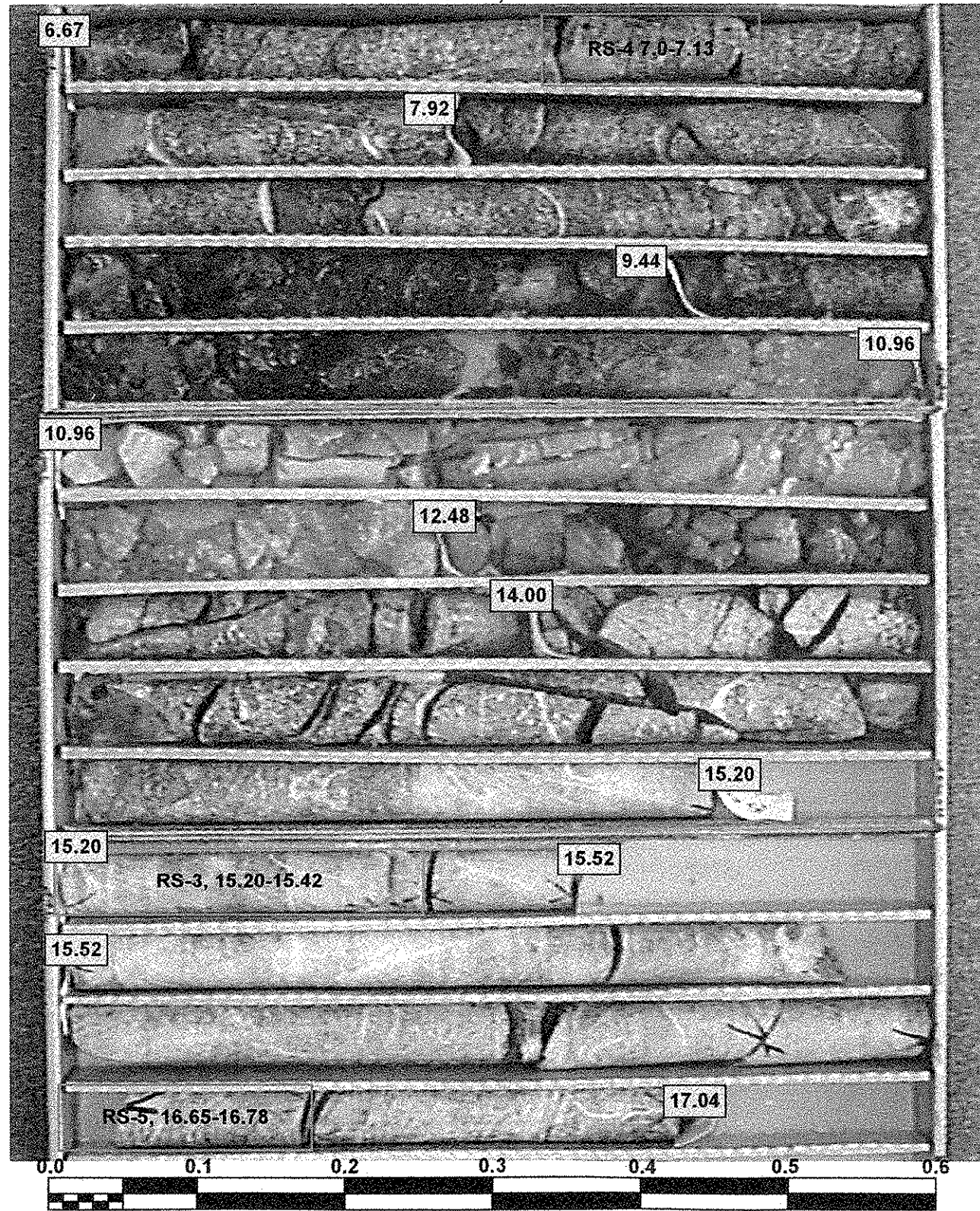
INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) GIVE THE DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIFIC SITE GIVING ROUTE NUMBER AND BODY OF WATER CROSSED.
- (2) NOTE ANY EVIDENCE OF SCOUR AT THE EXISTING END BENTS OR ABUTMENTS (UNDERMINING, SLOUGHING, SCOUR LOCATIONS, DEGRADATIONS, ETC.)
- (3) NOTE ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION (RIP RAP, ETC.)
- (4) DESCRIBE THE EXTENT OF ANY EXISTING SCOUR PROTECTION.
- (5) DESCRIBE WHETHER OR NOT THE SCOUR PROTECTION APPEARS TO BE WORKING.
- (6) NOTE ANY DAMS, FALLEN TREES, DEBRIS AT BENTS, ETC.
- (7) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BED MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION.
- (8) DESCRIBE THE CHANNEL BANK MATERIAL: A SAMPLE SHOULD BE TAKEN FOR GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION, ATTACH LAB RESULTS.
- (9) DESCRIBE THE FOUNDATION BEARING MATERIAL.
- (10) DESCRIBE THE BANK COVERING (GRASS, TREES, RIP RAP, NONE, ETC.)
- (11) GIVE THE APPROXIMATE FLOOD PLAIN WIDTH (ESTIMATE).
- (12) DESCRIBE THE FLOOD PLAIN COVERING (GRASS, TREES, CROPS, ETC.)
- (13) CHECK THE APPROPRIATE SPACE AS TO WHETHER THE STREAM IS DEGRADING OR AGGRADING
- (14) DESCRIBE THE POTENTIAL OF THE BODY OF WATER TO MIGRATE Laterally DURING THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS).
- (15) GIVE THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION EXPECTED OVER THE LIFE OF THE BRIDGE (APPROXIMATELY 100 YEARS). THIS CAN BE GIVEN AS AN ELEVATION RANGE ACROSS THE SITE, OR ON A BENT BY BENT BASIS WHERE VARIATIONS EXIST. DISCUSS THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE HYDRAULICS THEORETICAL SCOUR AND THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION. IF THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS DEPENDENT ON SCOUR COUNTER MEASURES, EXPLAIN. (RIPRAP ARMORING ON SLOPES, ETC.) THE GEOTECHNICALLY ADJUSTED SCOUR ELEVATION IS BASED ON THE ERODABILITY OF MATERIALS WITH CONSIDERATION FOR JOINTING, FOLIATION, BEDDING ORIENTATION AND FREQUENCY; CORE RECOVERY PERCENTAGE; PERCENTAGE RQD; DIFFERENTIAL WEATHERING, SHEAR STRENGTH; OBSERVATIONS AT EXISTING STRUCTURES; OTHER TESTS DEEMED APPROPRIATE; AND OVERALL GEOLOGIC CONDITIONS AT THE SITE.

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B1-B

BOXES 1-3, 6.67-17.04

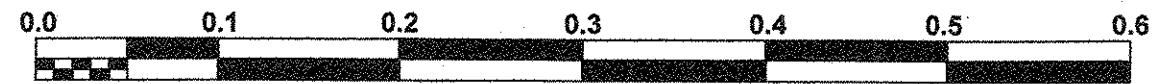
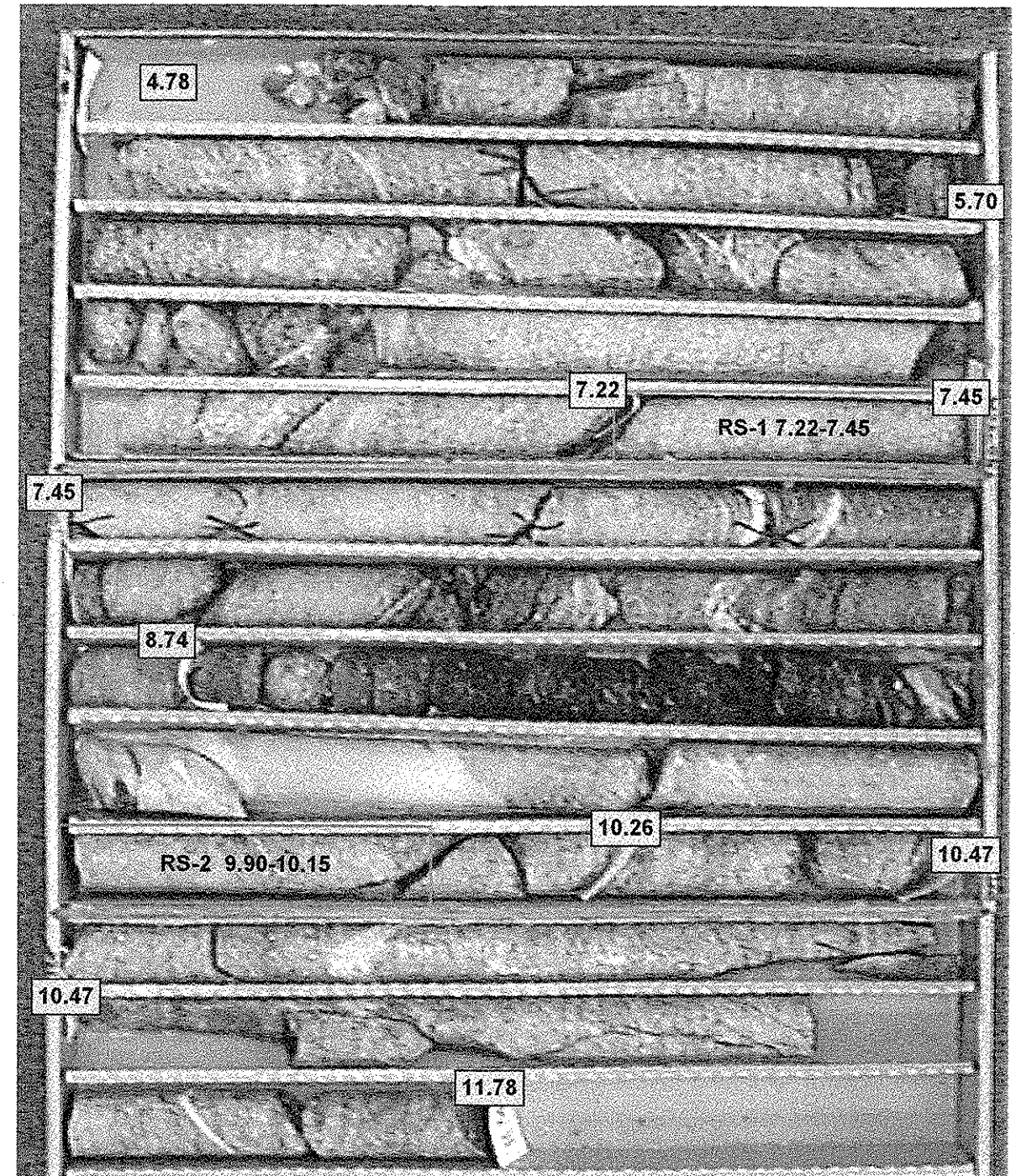


METERS

CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

B2-A

BOXES 1-3, 4.78-11.88 METERS



METERS